



2023 Budget: Inflationary expectations?

National online briefing and discussion

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2023 Budget Overview

- Expected surplus of \$4.2 billion for 2022-23
- Projected deficits:
 - 2023-24: \$13.9 billion
 - 2024-25: \$35.1 billion
 - 2025-26: \$36.6 billion
- Peak net debt of \$703 billion by 2026-27
 - 24.1% of GDP





2023 Budget Overview

• Unemployment forecast:

• 2022-23: 3.5%

• 2023-24: 4.25%

Inflation forecast:

• 2023-23: 6%

• 2023-24: 3.25%









Personal taxation Superannuation Business Other Wrap up

Advisory. Tax. Audit.





Personal taxation

Advisory. Tax. Audit.

Stage 3 tax cuts 1 July 2024

Current		From 1 July 2024	
Bracket	Rate	Bracket	Rate
0 to \$18,200	Nil		
\$18,201 to \$45,000	19c	No change	
\$45,001 - \$120,000	32.5c	\$45,001 - <i>\$200,000</i>	<i>30c</i>
\$120,001 - \$180,000	37c	Abolished	
\$180,001+	45c	<i>\$200,000</i> +	45c
5 brackets		4 brackets	
Before 2% Medicare levy			





Stage 3 tax cuts Reduction

- Income between \$45k and \$200k
 - Currently 32.5,c, 37c & 45c rates
 - All 30c instead

Year	Tax & ML on \$200k
2023-24	\$64,667
2024-25	\$55,592
Reduction	\$9,075

- Automatic saving
 - No planning required





Low-and-middle-income tax offset Not reappearing

- Low-income tax offset only
 - \$700
 - Tapers off \$37,500 \$66,667
- Effective tax-free threshold where income <\$37,500:
 - \$21,884 [\$18,200 + (\$700 / 0.19)]



Cost-of-living relief

- Electricity relief
- Bills subsidised up to \$500
- Dependent on where live







Superannuation

Advisory. Tax. Audit.

Employers' super obligations

- 1 July 2026
- Super Guarantee payable when pay employees' wages
 - Currently quarterly
- 12% by then
- Efficiencies of computerised payroll, Single Touch Payroll
 - Prepare for the change
- Manage cashflow
 - Paying sooner





Employer super compliance

- Estimated \$3.4 billion unpaid in 2019-20
- Part of employee remuneration
- Additional resources for ATO to detect unpaid employer super
- Substantial penalties for non-compliance





Additional 15% tax

- From 1 July 2025
- Where total super balance >\$3m at 30 June
 - All super accounts
 - Accumulation & pension





Additional 15% tax

- 15% tax on excess "earnings"
 - Portion of change in account value
 - Adjust for contributions/withdrawals
 - If a "loss", proportion carried fwd
- Taxes unrealised gains
 - No 1/3rd discount
 - No credit toward realised gains
 - Additional tax





Additional 15% tax Example

- Jim has a SMSF
 - Sole member
- One asset commercial property
 - Value at:
 - 1 July 2025: \$3m
 - 30 June 2026: \$4m
- Accumulation phase
- No contribution/withdrawals during 2025-26





Additional 15% tax Example, cont

- Total super balance >\$3m at 30 June 2026
 - 15% additional tax applies
- "Earnings" are:
 - \$4m \$3m = \$1m
- Proportion above \$3m:
 - (\$4m \$3m) / \$4m = 25%
- 2025-26 tax liability:
 - 15% x \$1m x 25% = \$37,500





Non-arm's length income rules Expenses

- SMSFs
- Small APRA funds (6 or fewer members)
- General expenses not at arm's length terms
- Shortfall x 2 x 45%
 - Effective 90% tax impost
- Akin to domestic transfer pricing
- Arbitrage between super tax rate of 15%, higher income tax rates









Business taxation

Advisory. Tax. Audit.

Instant asset write-off Depreciating assets

- Businesses with group-wide turnover below \$10 million
- Was to return to \$1,000 1 July 2023
- Temporary change: <\$20,000 (exl GST)
- Installed ready for use 1 July 2023 30 June 2024



Small business energy incentive 20% bonus deduction

- Turnover <\$50 million
 - No mention of grouping
- Encourage energy-efficient investments. Eg
 - Electrifying heating/cooling
 - Upgrade to more efficient equipment
- Installed ready for use between 1 July 2023 and 30 June 2024
- Up to \$20,000 bonus deduction (max \$100,000 x 20%)





Patent box regime

- Announced by previous Government
- 17% tax rate for certain patent income
- Not proceeding



PAYG, GST instalments

- Increase by GDP Adjustment Factor
- Statutory standard 12% increase
- Halved to 6% for 2023-24
- Can still vary down instalments where appropriate





Small business collaboration

- From 1 July 2024, Tax agents lodge multiple STP forms for clients
- From 1 July 2025, up to four years to amend tax returns
 - Presumably where otherwise in 2-year limit
 - Unknown whether ATO also has extra 2 year to amend





Lodgement amnesty

- Group-wide turnover < \$10 million
- Tax statements due 1 December 2019 29 February 2022
 - Core pandemic period
- Failure to Lodge penalty remitted
- Lodge between 1 June 2023 31 December 2023
- Eg, late by 18 months:

Entity	Penalty remitted
Small	\$7,700
Medium	\$15,400
Large	\$38,500
SGE	\$137,500









Other measures

Advisory. Tax. Audit.

Build-to-rent accommodation

- Encourage increase housing supply
- New construction commenced after 9 May 2023
 - Building depreciation rate increase from 2.5% to 4%
- Managed investment trust payments to non-residents
 - Withholding rate reduced from 30% to 15%
- Eligibility conditions include:
 - 50+ dwellings
 - 10-year ownership period
 - Min 3-year lease terms





Wrap up

- Hoping for more ambitious reform agenda
- Necessary to raise low productivity growth
- "Modest but meaningful" reform insufficient
- "Hard conversations" not yet started
- "Chipping away at the structural challenges"
 - Put down the chisel and use the mallet?









